5,000 feet \$\frac{1}{2}\$ inch, white pine panel buards.
10,000 feet 1 inch, white pine panel buards.
10,000 feet 1 inch, white pine plant, 16 feet.
15,000 feet 2 inch white pine plant, 16 feet.
Wate Ash.—(Board measure.)

1,000 feet 5 meh black walnut bourds.
1,000 feet 15 meh black walnut bourds.
1,000 feet 15 meh black walnut bourds.
1,000 feet 15 meh black walnut plank.
1,000 feet 25 meh black walnut plank.
2,000 feet 3 meh black walnut plank Bourds, Ge.
1,000 feet (bourd measure) 1 meh white oak plank, 30 feet long, 14 mehes wide.

7,000 feet (bourd measure) 15 inch white oak plank, 30 feet long, 14 mehes wide.

7,000 feet (bourd measure) 15 inch white oak plank, 30 feet long, 14 mehes wide.

inches wide.

4,000 feet, bourd measure, 2 inch white ash plank, from 12 to 16 inches wide.

6,000 feet, board measure, 1½ inch white ash plank, from 10 to 12 feet wide.

The whole to be in lengths from 12 to 16 feet, and to be well

The whole to be a required from (per foot).

500 feet, board measure, 5, inch white pure prime plank, seasoned.

500 feet, board measure, 5, inch white pure prime plank, seasoned.

500 feet, board measure, 4 inch white pine prime plank, seasoned.

500 feet, board measure, 5 inch black wafmt plank, seasoned.

500 feet, board measure, 5, inch black wafmt plank, seasoned.

500 feet, board measure, 1 inch black walmt plank, seasoned.

500 feet, board measure, 1 inch black walmt plank, seasoned.

NAVY YARD, GOSPORT, VA.

20,000 cubic feet of white oak plank stocks

White Oak Thick Stuff, for Caps and Trestletrees

20 pieces, each 21 feet long, is unches wide, 10 inches thick.

20 pieces, 12 feet long, 14 inches wide, 10 inches thick.

20 pieces, 12 feet long, 14 inches wide, 10 inches thick.

22 pieces, 12 feet long, 14 inches wide, 8 inches thick.

23 pieces, 12 feet long, 14 inches wide, 8 inches thick.

24 pieces, 12 feet long, 14 inches wide, 8 inches thick.

25 winte oak knees for boats, to side from 3 to 5 inches. One half
to be got square and the other half to be in square, per piece.

5,000 white oak hopshead stares, 3 feet 6 inches long, 3 inches wide,
full inch thick, per thousand.

5,000 white oak harrel stares, 2 feet 6 inches long, 3 inches wide,
full inch thick, per thousand.

2,000 white oak harrel stares, 2 feet 6 inches long, 3 inches wide,
inch thick, per thousand.

per piece.

CLASS NO. 2.

45,000 cubic feet of long lear fine grain southern yellow-pine plank stocks, of the very best quality, per cubic foot.

CLASS NO. 3.— Elim. Ain., do. (per fo d.)

10,000 feet, hoard measure, of thick elim for gun trucks, in lengths of 5, 10, 15, and 20 feet, 20 inches wide, and 9 inches thick. To be got to sharp corners, clear of the center, pith, and all defects. 1,000 feet, hoard measure, elim boat boards, 28 feet long, 8 to 10 inches wide, 1 inche thick.

SOR feet, board measure, elim boat hoards, 28 feet long, 8 to 10 inches fines.

1,000 feet, board measure, with boat boards, 28 feet long, 8 to 10 inches wheel, 1 inch thick.

500 feet, board measure, with boat boards, 28 feet long, 8 to 10 inches which, 3; such thick.

500 feet, board measure, with boat boards, 28 feet long, 8 to 10 inches with, 4 inch thick.

500 feet, board measure, with boat boards, 25 feet long, 8 to 10 inches wide, 3; inch thick.

500 feet, board measure, with boat boards, 20 feet long, 7 to 10 inches wide, 3; inch thick.

500 feet, board measure, with boat boards, 90 feet long, 7 to 10 inches wide, 3; inch thick with boat boards, 16 to 18 feet long, 7 to 10 inches wide, 3; inch thick has boards, 16 to 20 feet long, 12 to 16 inches wide, 1 inch thick.

clear of rot, spite, shakes, stains, knots, and sap wood.

Hate dek Hourds and Plance, for foot,

1,000 feet, board measure, 12 to 18 cet long, 8 to 10 inches wide, 2
1,000 feet, board measure, 12 to 18 cet long, 8 to 10 inches wide, 2

1,000 feet, leased measure, 12 to 18 feet long, 8 to 10 inches wide, 1 is inches thick.

800 feet, loard measure, 12 to 18 feet long, 39 inches wide, 1 is inches the same measure, 12 to 18 eet long, 30 inches wide, 1 inch

20,000 feet, board measure, usual lengths and breadths, 2 inches thick.
10,000 feet, board measure, usual lengths and breadths, 136 inches thick.

10,000 feet, board measure, usual lengths and breadths, i inches hick.

5,006 feet, board measure, ownal lengths and breadths, i meh thick.
The above to be the very best white salt.

100 hickory capatan bars, each 14 feet in length.

106 hickory capatan bars, each it feet in length.
To be hewn square, to be 6 inches square at the butt-ends, and not less than inches square at the auxil ends, per paces.

156 hickory handspikes, each o test in length, to be hewn square, to be 4 inches square at the maintends, and not less than three mines square at the small ends, and not less than three mines square at the small ends, and not less than three mines square at the small ends, and not less than three mines square at the small ends, and not less than three mines square at the small ends, and not less than three her rices, per poces.

500 feet, board measure, 20 feet long, 8 to 10 inches wide, 1 h inch thick.

board measure, 26 feet long, 8 to 10 makes wide, % inch

600 feet, board measure, from 12 to 20 feet long, 18 to 24 inches

600 feet, bourd measure, from 12 to 20 feet long, 18 to 24 inches wide, 1.5; unches thick.

1,200 feet, bourd measure, from 12 to 20 feet long, 18 to 26 inches wide, 1 inch thick.

4,000 feet, board measure, usual lengths and breadths, 4 suches thick. 5,000 feet, board measure, neual lengths and breadths, 3 inches

thick.
75,000 feet, board measure, usual lengths and breadths, 2 inches

No. 2, or second quantry, White Pine Plank Boards, (per foot.)
15,000 feet, board measure, usual lengths and breadths, 2 notices thick.
15,000 feet, heard measure, usual lengths and breadths, 1 inch thick.
White Pine Pinnk Shots.

5,000 cubic feet, to be from 35 to 60 feet in length, not to be less than 14 meless at the small cod-per cubic foot.

Case No. n.—Sprace Spare, and Poice, (per piece.)

to his diameter.

(a) pieces, 0 inches diameter.

(b) pieces, 0 inches diameter.

The above 110 pieces to have 0 feet in length for every inch in

poles, from 255 to 4 inches in diameter, and from 16 to 20 feet in length. forgil.

Spruce Pice Sticks, (perpice.)

6 piece sticks, 55 feet long, 14 inches diameter.

8 piece sticks, 56 feet long, 14 inches diameter.

15 piece sticks, 56 feet long, 14 inches diameter.

The diameter of the above will be measured one-third up from the

end, clear of back.
Class No. 7—Lignumviks, per fun of 2,240 pounds. 5 twns 16 inches diameter.
3 tims 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 inches diameter.
The process of 4 and 5 inches diameter are not to be less than 4 feet length—in all 8 time.

th length— of all 8 table.

Calco No. 1.—Lumber, (board measure,) per foot.

10,000 feet police pine boards, 1 use hinks, to be 16 to 20 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet pilow pine boards, 1 is, thick, to be 16 to 20 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet pellow pine boards, 1 is, inch thick, to be 16 to 20 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet tables miss, 2 inches thick, 25 to 20 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

board measure, usual lengths and breadths, 13g inch

board measure, usual lengths and breadths, % inch

cathick.

NAVY YARD, GOSPORT, VA.

3,000 feet 1 by me'h, white ash plank. 3,000 feet 2 mch white ash plank. Black Walnut.

respondence of The Tribune. WASHINGTON, Monday, August 5. The attitude of affairs at the adjournment last

Menday, being the pending motion of Mr. Rotis. sos of Ind. to suspend the rules to enable him to introduce a bill for the admission of California brought the House to a direct struggle on that question, to-day. The Speaker having announced that motion in

order, Preston King put the sincerity of this new and zealous friend of California to the test, by suggesting that, inasmuch as Wisconsin would, upon the call of States, be the next in turn, either of her members could introduce the same measure in order, without the suspension of any rule. Rosmson sat mum, but the Speaker declared his concent not given ! Hearing the test about to be made, CLINGMAN inquired of the Speaker if the motion of Mr. Robinson did not fall with the adjournment last Monday, and received for answer that the Chair had always held otherwise, though there were precedents both ways. Chingman said he would not take an appeal, but would move a call of the House, and demand the year and nays on the call. The call was sustained, the vote giving a re-

fasal by 38 to 120.

The motion to suspend was then rejected, Yeas

The motion to suspend was as follows:

111, Naya 67. The record was as follows:
Yeas-Mesers Albertson, Alexarder, Allen, Ashman,
Baher, Boyd, Bennett, Bissell, Bokee, Booth, Briggs, W.J.
Brown, Buel, Burrows, T. B. Butler, Cable, Calvin, Campbell, Carter, Casey, Chaodier, Cieveland, Corwin, Crowell, Dickey, Dixon, Doty, Duer, Duccan, Dunham, Durkee,
N. Evans, Fowler, Freedly, Fuller, Giddings, Gilmore,
Gorman, Gott, Gould, Grinnetl, Hall, Halloway, Harian, S.
L. Harris, Hebserd, Henry, Hibbard, Hoagland, Houston,
Howe, Hunter, Jackson, G. G. King, J. G. King, J. A.
King, P. King, Leffler, Littlefield, H. Mann, J. Mann, Maiseon, McGermand, M. Lanshan, Mescham, Moore, Mortis,
Nelson, Newell, Ogle, Olds, Ods, Pessice, Peck, Phelps,
Pheria, Pitman, Potter, Putman, Reed, Reynolds, Richardson, Ricky, Robinson, Rockwell, Rook, Rose, Rumsey,
Bawteile, Schermerborn, Schoolcraft, Sylvesier, Spaiding,
Staniey, T. Stevens, Stetson, Sweetlar, Taylor, Jas Thompson, John B Thompson, Underhill, Walden, Waldo, Wentworth, White, Whitteleey, Wildrick, Wilmos, Wilson,
Wood, Young.—111.

son, John B Thompson, Underhill, Walden, Walde, Wentworth, White, Williams, Wildrick, Wilmot, Wilson, Wood, Young.—11.

Navs.—Mears Alderson, Ashe, Averett, Bayly, Bocock, Bowdon, Boyd, A. G. Brown, Burt, Cabell, G. A. Caldwell, J. P. Cadwell, Clingman, Cobb, Danlel, Deberry, Comundson, Ewing, Featherston, Hamilton, Haralson, I. G. Harris, S. W. Harris, Hilliard, Holladay, Howard, Hobbard, Inge, J. W. Jacason, A. Johason, J. L. Johnson, R. W. Johnson, Jones, Kaufmac, Kerr, La Sère, Marsani, Mason, McDwell, McLane, McMart, La Sère, Marsani, Mason, McDwell, McLane, McLean, McMullen, McCleson, Meade, Morse, Morton, Orr, Ouliaw, Owen, Powell, Mohan, Jr. Ross, Bavage, Seddon, Shepperd, R. H. Stanton, Siephena, Thomas, Jacob Thompson, Toombs, Venable, Wallson, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Wallon, Markey, Markins, Woodward—67.

Asseny or Not Voting—Alston, Andrews, Seale, Bing, am, Bowls, Bowlin, Breck, Brooss, C Buller, Clark, Colsock, Cole, Conger, Contrad, Dimmick, Disney, A Evans, Tinch, Genry, Gerry, Goodenow, Green, Hackotti, Hamwood, Hampton, Harmanson, Hay, Haymond, Holmos, Levin, McDonsid, McGaughey, McKissock, McWille, Miller, Millson, Morebead, Nes, Farker, Sackett, Schenck, Brysage, P P Banton, Strong, Tharman, Van Dyke, Vincon—48.

Mr. Baylly then moved to go into Committee on the State of the Union. Caritaer Called for the

Mr. BAYLY then moved to go into Committee on the State of the Union. CARTTER called for the order of business—resolutions from States. Wisconsin being in order. PRESTON KING called for the reading of the twenty-sixth rule. It being read, he made the point that the Chair was bound, under it, to call on Wisconsin for resolutions, &c. The Speaker overruled him, contending that it was entirely competent to go into Committee as moved. King demanded the Yeas and Nays, and they were

Erely competent to go into Committee as moved. King demanded the Yeas and Nays, and they were ordered, giving 98 Yeas to 91 Nays, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs Wm. J. Alston, Ala; Josiah M. Anderson, Tenn.; William S. Ashe, N. C.; George Ashmun, Mass; Thomas H. Avereu, Va.; William V. N. Bay, Me.; Thomas B. Bayly, Va.; Thomas S. Boccot, Va.; David A. Bokeo, N. Y.; Franklin W. Bowdon, Ala; Linn Boyd, Ky; Daniel Breck, Ky; George Briggs, N. Y.; Albert G. Brown, Miss; Armistead Burt, S. C.; E. Carrington Cabell, Fla; George Alfred Caldwell, Ky; Joseph F. Caldwell, N. C.; Thomas L. Cilingman, N. C.; Williamson R. W. Gobb, Ala; William F. Cofcock, S. C.; John R. J. Daniel, N. C.; Edmand Deberry, N. C.; William Duer, N. Y.; James H. Dancan, Mass; Henry A. Edmundson, Va.; Nathan Evans, Ohio; Andrew Ewing, Tenn.; Winfield S. Fesherston, Miss; John Freedley, P. R.; Thomas J. D. Fuller, Me.; Missell, Mass.; Willard P. Hell, Mo.; William T. Haadilon, Md.; More, Milliam T. Haadilon, Md.; More, Milliam T. Haadilon, Md.; Mass, William A. Harsison, Ga; Isham G. Harris, Tenn.; Sampson W. Hairs, Ala; Thomas S. Haymood, Va.; Henry W. Hui lard, Ala; Thomas B. Haymood, Va.; Henry W. Hui lard, Ala; Thomas B. Haymood, Va.; Henry W. Hui lard, Ala; Thomas B. Haymood, Va.; Henry W. Hui lard, Ala; Thomas S. Haymood, Va.; Henry W. Hui lard, Ala; Thomas S. Haymood, Va.; Henry W. Hui lard, Ala; Thomas S. Huilliam T. Haodilon, T. Fellon, James G. King, N. J.; Emile La Sére, La; Slepherd Leffer, Jowa; Horace Mann, Mass; Humphrey Marshall, Ky; John C. Mason, Ky; James M. Cowen, Ga; J. Phillips Phornix, N. Y; Pauler J. Serie Morse, La; Jerembah Morton, N. W; Milliam Nelson, N. Y; James L. Orr, S. C.; David Outlaw, N. C.; Allen F. Owen, Ga; J. Phillips Phornix, N. Y; Pauler L. Scher, M. Y; James H. Thomas, Tenn.; James A. Geddon, Va.; Augustine H. Shepperd, N. C.; Richard M. Stanker, Ben. J. John B. Thompson, Ky; Robert R. Ser, N. Y; James H. Thomas, Tenn.; James A. G. Allen F. Owen, Ga; J. Phillips Phornix, N. Y; Pauler L. Rawe, N. Y; James A. Bedd

Marin, T. L. Harris, a. Debo, Henry, House, Andre Land, Howe, Hunter, Julian, G. G. Kieg, J. A. King, P. King, Littlefield, I. Mann, Matteaen, McClernand, Meachem, Moore, Morris, Newell, Ogle, Oda, Odi, Peassien, Feck, Pirman, Potter, Puman, Reynolds, Richardson, Roberson, Root, Runney, Backett, Sawtelle, Schermerharn, Schooleraf, Slivester, Spalding, Spregue, Stanley, T. Stevers, Sietson, Sweeter, James Thompson, Underbill, Walden, Waldo, Wentworth, Whitlesey, Wildrick, Wilmot, Wilsen, Wood, Young.—91.

Absent, on Not Voring.—Mears, Andrews, Beale, Bowie, Bowits, Brooks, C. Builer, Clark, Conger, Conrad, A. Evans, Gerry, Goodenow, Green, Hackett, Hammond, Hampton, Harmanson, Hay, Hubbard, Levin, McDonald, McGaughey, McKissock, McLanshan, Miler, Neilson, Moorabad, sea, Farker, Phaips, Schenck, F. P. Stanton, Birong, Thurman, Tuck, Van Dyke, Vinton—37.

The House now being in Committee (Boyp in

The House now being in Committee (Boyn in the Chair) BAYLY moved to set as de California

with a view to taking up the Post Office Appro-priation bill. Tellers gave 94 to 75—a number of Whigs joining in the affirmative, several of whom

Whigs joining in the affirmative, several of whom were New-Yorkers.

Well, once in Committee, what do you suppose was the next step? or, rather, what would you have supposed it, in the absence of the telegraph and your knowledge of the way of doing things here? Why, of course, to go to voting on the bill, or, at worst, to speak in advocacy or condemnation on the items of the bill. Not so, however.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Ohio (a Whig) must needs talk an hour in vindication of his precious self against the laudation of "the Democratic party" and condemnation of the Whig party in general, but he (Mr. CAMPBELL) in particular, in which, the other day, Mr. Olds of Ohio wasted an hour—which said laudation might safely have been left alone in its glory. Mr. Olds, of course, replied; and thus said laudation might safely have been left alone in its glory. Mr. Olds, of course, replied; and thus went another precious hour! These champions of party belabored each other furiously at times, seem-ing quite "at home"—a phrase to which I wish a particular meaning attached, and that is, that their catechisings, answers, retorts, &c. smacked conpiderably of the stump, thereby awaking a suspicion which was confirmed by a colleague of theirs, who assured me that he had heard the same speeches over and over again!

And what do you suppose were the ingredients of the out-of-season dishes served up by these delectable Congressional stewers! Why the question of Tariff for revenue or Tariff for protection the Mark.

Tariff for revenue or Tariff for protection, the Mexi-can War, with reference to the course they sever-ally pursued on the breaking out thereof, and the like clap trap, with an occasional reference to the

ally pursued on the breaking out thereof, and the like clap trap, with an occasional reference to the Proviso; but nothing about the question before the Committee—not a word!

This skirmish personal once through with, we had a glimpse of the bill ostensibly under consideration. Mr. Portram, of Ohio, moved an amendment providing, very properly, that the proposed appropriations should be taken from the general fund, instead of the Post-Office fund.

After some remarks in favor of the amendment by Mr. Phales, of Missouri, and a rejoinder from Mr. Grann, of the same State, during which he and Mr. CROWELL, of Ohio, got decidedly into a snarl—Mr. Grann charging him with being a renegade," (in what I could not understand,) and refusing to yield the floor for a defense.

Mr. Whitz, of New York, secured the floor, for which he had been anxiously watching, and moved

which he had been anxiously wavelength the Committee rise.

This having been carried, Mr. BAYLT moved to close debate in fifteen minutes.

"Oh! no!" came from several who wanted to hear themselves talk, of course, and a motion from the course, and a motion from the course of Tennessee, to give two more presented to say nothing. Mr. Brantow, of Tennessee, to give two more pre-cious bours for gabbling wholesale—to say nothing of the five minutes retail process, which they will have more or less of! Pending this, the House ad-

Thus has begun another week—thus has been fooled away another precious day at this late date; and yet the people seem patient! How

much lon er will they tolerate such a state of things?

Benntor Pheips on the Omnibus. Washington, Saturday, August 3.

I notice in your paper (I think of Thursday last) that your correspondent, in adverting to the proceedings in the Senate on Tuesday, expresses some surprise at my votes. As your paper circuates extensively among my constituency, it is perhaps important to correct the error into which he seems to have fallen.

He represents me as voting against Mr. Walker's proposition to lay the "Omnibus bill," as it is called, on the table. This is a mistake. I voted for the proposition, as the recollection of all present, as well as the journals, prove. The mistake on his part probably arose from hearing the respense of Mr. Felch of Mich. who voted in the negative, and whose name, when called in the negative, and whose name, when called in the Chamber, sounds so much like my own that we can not ourselves distinguish them by the sound, but we are obliged to guide ourselves by the alphabet-ical arrangement.

ical arrangement.

He also seems to understand that I supported

He also seems to understand that I supported He also seems to understand that I supported the proposition of Mr. Dawson of Geo. This is also, to a certain extent, a mistake. I did not vote to engraft that proposition on the bill, or to make it the law of the land; but did vote to engraft it upon the proposed amendment of Mr. Bradbury.—When it was so engrafted, I voted against the whole amendment.

To those who are aware that I was opposed to the bill and to the purpose of Mr. Bradbury's amend.

To those who are aware that I was opposed to the bill, and to the purpose of Mr. Bradbury's amendment, my course can require no explanation. That purpose was to secure the support of certain Senators who would not vote for the bill as it stood, nor could they go for Mr. Dawson's proposition. The incorporation of the latter into Bradbury's amendment tended either to defeat the bill. It did both. In the first instance, it defeated the amendment.—

Leon the return of a Senator, accidentally a sent. that were adopted, to defeat the bill. It did both. In the first instance, it defeated the amendment.—
Upon the return of a Senator, accidentally assent, the smendment, with some slight and unimportant modification, was pressed again and succeeded by a majority of one. This rendered the bill unacceptable to several Senators, who would have sustained it had Bradbury's original proposition been adopted, and it was accrtained that in its present shape it could not pass. The attempt of Mr. Pearce, the next day, to get rid of the incubus proved fatal to the bill. The only mode in which he could approach his object, consistently with parliamentary rule, was to move to strike out all relating to Naw-Mexico and insert the same, with the exception of Mr. Dawson's amendment. The question being divided—i. e. first, upon striking out, and secondly, inserting—it gave an opportunity for those who were opposed to combining the various topics in the bill, to go with those of its friends who rejected Mr. D's proposition in the first instance for striking out, and then with the other side in refusing to insert. Thus the provision for New Mexico was lopped off and could not be reatored. After several ineffectual efforts for that purpose, it became apparent that the symmetry of the bill was destroyed, and nothing remained but to complete the separation. Texas and California were lopped off in succession, and Ulah stood alone.

This explanation I deem due to myself, lest those not acquainted with parliamentary tactics should confound an attempt to embarrass a proposition to which one is opposed, with the serious support of a proposition to make it the law of the land.

Very respectfully yours, SAM S. PHELPS.

We learly understand Mr. Phelps's

16 We clearly understand Mr. Phelps's explanation, he voted to engraft the Dawson amendment on that of Mr. Bradbury, while he utterly disapproved and condemned the purpose of said (Dawson) amendment, in order that by its adoption the bill should be destroyed! He hints that those who are surprised at his course are "not acquainted with Parliamentary tactics." Very likely. If those tactics are inconsistent with candor, honesty, and a straight-forward support of the right and rejection of the wrong, we think a good many will prefer to continue ignorant of them. Suppose Mr. Phelps's calculation had proved erroneous, and that the Dawson amendment, by his vote fastened on the bill, had in consequence become the law of the land, how would Vermont have liked his explanation and her own position? We believe Messrs, Seward, Baldwin, Dayton, HALE, &c. disliked the Omnibus bill quite as heartily as Mr. Phelps did, but neither of them resorted to the expedient of voting for the Dawson amendment in order to compass [Ed. Trib.

The following is the vote by which Dawson's amerdment to the Compromise was adopted on the

YEAS-Messra Atchison, Badger, Bernwell, Bell, Butler, Clay, Clemens, Gooper, Davis of Miss. Dawson, Dickloon, Dodge of Iowa, Downs, Foote, Houston, Hunter, Jones, King, Mangum, Mason, Morton, Phelos, Pratt, Rusk, Sebasish, Soule, Sturgeon, Tarney, and Yulee—30.

NAYS—Mesers Baldwin, Benton, Bradbury, Bright, Chase, Clark, Davis of Mass Dayton, Dodge of Wis Dougles, Ewing, Felch, Greene, Haie, Hamile, Miller, Morts, Fearce, Seward, Shields, Smith, Spruance, Underwood, Upham, Wales, Walker, Whitcomb, and Winthrop—28.

It will be recollected that Benator Dawson's amendment provided that until such time as the Texas and United States territorial boundary lines he settled amicably between the contending par-Texas and United States territoria, to damary, mes-be settled amicably between the contending par-ties, no Territorial Government authorized by the Compromise act should go into operation east of the Rio Grande, nor any Siste (New-Mexico) om-bracing any territory east of the Rio Grande.

Anniversary Week-Wesleyan University.

Correspondence of The Tribune,
Middle Town, Conn. Monday, Aug. 5.
This usually quiet city is full of strangers attract ed hither by the exercises of Commencement Week, which commenced yesterday. Dr. Olin was announced to deliver a Bacca-laureate, and his reputation and ability led all to expect a masterly production. His usually feeble health, and the effects of a recent illness, confined him to his the effects of a recent liness, commed min to his house. Dr. Peck of your City was therefore so-licited to preach in his stead, and delivered an ad-dress characterized by its breadth of view, its ex-plicitness of definition and the elegant vigor of its

bisappointments come not single, and at the

Disappointments come not single, and at the close of his sermon the announcement was made that Dr. Taft, President of Genesee College, who had consented to address the Missionary Lyccum in the evening, would not be present.

A Missionary meeting was held, and addresses were made by Dr. Peck, Rev. Mr. Crowell of Boston, Talcot of R. I. and others. This evening Mr. Whipple of Boston will address the Literary Societies. To-morrow, a Poem, by Mr. Hosmer. C.

Brown University .- At the adjourned meeting of the Corporation of Brown University, held August 1, 1850, the Finance Committee reported that \$108,000 had been subscribed toward the fund August 1, 200, the relative contained toward the fand for enlarging the course of studies in Brown University. It is one of the conditions of the subscription that nothing can be collected unless the whole amount (\$125,000) be subscribed on the 5th day of September next. On the other hand, it was evident that unless the contemplated changes were commenced with the next collegiate year, the whole plan must be abandoned. The Corporation, therefore, resolved to proceed, relying solely on the liberality of their fellow citizens. The following officers were accordingly elected:

* Rev. Alarel Kendrick, D.D. of Madison University, Professor of Greek.

WILLIAM A. NORTON, of Delaware College, Professor of Natural Philosophy and Civil Engineering.

John A. Portan, of the Lawrence Scientific School, Professor of Chemistry applied to the Aria.

| Providence Journal.

A new religious sect has arisen in Persia, in consequence of the preachings of a man named Bab, who has written a new book to take the place of the Koran. He is is said to have already made several thousand proselytes; and eighteen of these Babees, as his followers are called, have been publicly beheaded by order of the Shab. THE EXPLOSION ON THE AMERICA -The follow-

ing, says the Cleveland Herald, is a list of those killed by the explosion: Charles Potter, third engi-neer: James Kursola, fireman; Michael M Colkin, do; William Brown, waiter; One, name not as-certained. Michael O'Conner, Providence, R. I. and J. Stancliff, Middleton, Conn. have since died.

TO LUMBERMEN.

PROPOSALS FOR TIMBER, & O. FOR THE NAVY.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BERRED OF CONTROL OF THE NAVY TO BE ARTHURNY.

BERRED OF CONTROL OF TYPO DAYS IN THE ARTHURNY.

STALLED PROFGSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Timber or Lumber," as the case may be, casming the yard and class for which the offer is intended, will be received by this fiturean intil 30 clock, F.M. of the inth September part, for framishing and delivery, under contract at the ceveral Navy Yards became there aimed, the timber, jumber, and other articles embraced in this advertisement. One district of the whole quantity required at each Navy Yards must be delivered on the form the first of September; one fourth on or before the first of Movember; and one fourth on or before the thirtest of Documber, [85]. In case of failure to deliver the articles within the times and in the proportions specified, the Bureau or the several commindants to have the right to supply defi-

on or beinter the thritish of December, 1982. In case of intere to extract the within the times and in the proportions specified, the Bureau or the several commandant to have the right to supply deferences by purchase, and the contractor and his surfaces to be responsible in twice the contract price.

All the adversard timber, Immer and other articles must be of the very best quality subject to the inspection and measurement, and mall other respects in conformity to the stipulations contained in the printed rules established for the inspections and measurement, and make for the Navy of the United States, (copies of which may be seried at either Navy Yard or Navy Agent's office.) All articles adopted on the required to be, in all respective, which active to the communication of the Yard or station where the series of the series of the State of States and the series of the States of the series of the States of the

per in the round, and not less than 13 inches diameter at the email end.

NAVY YARD, WASHINOTON.

Class No. 1—White Oak Timber (per cubic foot.)

50 White eak legs, from 16 to 20 inches departs, and 40 to 50 feet in length, the white less than 10 inches departs on the feet.

Class No. 1 inches with the class of the class of the cubic feet.

Class of the control of the class of th

cubic feet yellow pine plank stocks, at — cents per cubic foot — cubic feet promiscous yellow pine timiler, at — cents per cubic foot.

If my hid be accepted, I desire to be addressed through the Post Office at _____, and the contract to be sent to the Navy Agent at _____, for execution.

To Com. Cus. W. SENERR, Chief of Bureau of Construction, Equipment and Repair, Washington.

ment and Kepurr, Hardington.

We the undersigned, residents of ______, in the State of _______, in the State of ________, in the State of _________, in the state that _________, within ten days after the receipt of the contract hat he Fost-Office designated in each limit on the same with good and sufficient surface, to just the state with good the state of the state with the terms of the advertisement under which it was made. E. D. g. S. F. F.

on the envelope transmitting the Properate for Timber.

— Class No. —, (name the Navy Yard.) — Class No. — (name the Noty Yards)

NAVY YARD, NITTERY, MAINE.

Chars No. 1.— Write da Ours, (by the piece.)

24 let quality white each ours, 18 feet in length.

56 let quality white each ours, 14 feet in length.

50 let quality white sels ours, 14 feet in length.

52 let quality white sels ours, 14 feet in length.

52 let quality white sels ours, 18 feet in length.

52 let quality white sels ours, 18 feet in length.

52 rough lickory Mars, 19, the strongth, and to square

Chars, No. 2.— Lignweeter, (by the trans.)

54 too let quality Lignourite, of each or the following sizes, vin 10, 11, 12, 13, and 16 inches in discovery amounting to 2by tune, of 2,460 He set/b.

NAVY YARD, CHARLESTOWN.

modele of the stokes, equal principles and sizes.

Clark No. 2—White Oak Kares, Beams, &c.

white oak cheek knees, the whole length of each body to be
from 8 to 10 feet, the length of the arm from the center of th
body to be from 5 to 6 feet, and to form an angle with the bod
from 110 to 120 degrees, set sating to be from 3 to 12 inches
the bodies to be saided to the diameter of the arms the sidn

et siding. thite oak beams, from 25 to 30 feet long, to average 28 feet

set using.

Bet using the search of the set of the set of the search 28 feet in length; to select 10 inches, and moids a suches, and to seprong 10 inches may be set on the search of seprong 10 inches may be search. 10 which search of the set of the select of the search of the searc

thek. 20 white cak plank, 30 to 45 feet long, 10 to 18 inches wide, 334

mether McA: (A) go white oak plank, 30 to 45 feet long, 10 to 18 inches wide, 4 inches thick.

30 white oak plank, 30 to 50 feet long, 10 to 18 inches wide, 416

metrics tracks.

20 white oas plank, 30 to 50 feet long, 10 to 18 inches wide, 5 inches thick.

To be saved fair, and of even thickness, and to have a natural curve edwiss, not less than 18 inches in the length of each plank. Estimated at 18,000 feet bloard measure—per foot.

Class No. 4—25 in, 18 after 18, and Black Wished.

Class No. 4—25 in, 18 after 18, and Black Wished.

500 cuthe feet best quantity elin timber (auti pieces) from ten to twenty feet long, and none less than 18 inches diameter at the 10,000 feet lourd measure white sail plank, from 12 to 20 feet long, 12 to 20

per cubic foot.

C. Lars No. 6—White Pine.

30,000 feet board measure No. 1 or dest quality white plue one inch boards—per thousand jest.

30,000 feet board measure No. 2 or second quality white plue one inch boards—per thousand feet.

NAVY YARD, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

NATY YARD, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Case No. 1—Herbery Bars, &c. (per piece.)

100 rough bickery bars, 6 feet long and 3 is meless square.

20 white beart takeny buts, 8 feet long and 3 is meles square.

20 white beart takeny buts, 8 feet long and 4 inches diameter,
en the small end.

Case No. 0—Lignuments, (per twn.)

4 tune bignuments, from 15 to 16 inches diameter.

3 tune ignuments, from 15 to 18 inches diameter.

5 tune ignuments, from 15 to 8 inches diameter.

5 tune ignuments, from 15 to 8 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 8 to 8 in onches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 8 to 8 inches diameter.

5 tune ignuments, from 8 to 8 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 5 in 6 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 5 in 6 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 5 in 6 inches diameter.

7 tune ignuments, from 5 in 6 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 5 in 6 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 5 in 6 inches diameter.

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6 tune ignuments, from 6 in 6 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 6 in 6 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 8 inches diameter.

6 tune ignuments, from 10 inches diameter.

CLASS No. 2 - White Out Plank and Boards, (board measure, p.

2,000 feet 2 bg inch white oak plant, from 20 to 38 feet in length, 2,000 feet 2 bg inch white oak plant, from 20 to 38 feet in length, 2,000 feet 2 inch white oak plant, from 20 to 38 feet in length, 2,000 feet 1 bg inch white oak plant, from 20 to 36 feet in length, 1,000 feet 1 bg inch white oak plant, from 20 to 36 feet in length, 2,000 feet 3 inch white oak boards, from 10 to 36 feet in length, 2,000 feet 3 inch white oak boards, from 16 to 26 feet in length, 1,000 feet 4 inch white oak boards, from 16 to 26 feet in length, 2,000 feet 5 inch white oak boards, from 16 to 26 feet in length, 2,100 feet 4 inch white oak boards, from 16 to 26 feet in length.

(300 feet 3, such white oak boards, from 16 to 26 feet in length. Oo beet he white oak boards, from 16 to 26 feet in length. O be char stuff.

Whate Pine Pinek and Boards, (board massacr, per foot.)

13,000 feet 1 inch clear white puse plank.

13,000 feet 1 is inch clear white puse plank.

13,000 feet 1 is inch clear white puse plank.

13,000 feet 1 is inch clear white puse plank.

13,000 feet 1 is inch clear white puse boards.

4,000 feet 1 is inch clear white puse boards.

5,000 feet 1 is inch clear white puse boards.

500 Albary posee boards, merchantable.

300 Albary posee boards, merchantable.

1,000 feet 15 inch clear white and plank, 22 inches wide.

1,000 feet 15 inch clear white and plank, 22 inches wide.

1,000 feet 15 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

1,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

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2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

2,000 feet 25 inch clear white and plank, 18 inches wide.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS BRIDGEMAN, has of the City of New York, decased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the seed store of Bringdoman Brutchers, 874 Brundway, co. of Eighteenth-street, in the City of New York, on or before the 12th day of Demender state. A Drake New York, the 10th day of June, 1860.

ALPRED BRIDGEMAN, Executors.

CLASS No. 5.— Water Oak Ances, per sided inch.
50 to side 56 piches.
50 to side 56 piches.
50 to side 56 piches.
50 to side 57 aches.
50 to side 5 aches.
50 to side 5 aches.
50 to side 1 aches.
50 to side 1 aches.
Mexeming about 1,205 aches; bodies to be 6 to 7 leet long. Arms
to be 6 feet 6 aches to 5 feet long. None to vary more than 5 degrees from a right angle.

jed6 4tlawnow W

LEGAL NOTICES.

JOHN STEWART. Commissioners.

REVO C. HANCE.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—Belove the Surrough of the County of New York—In the matter of the application to mortgage, leave, or real the real setate of AAS HALL, decased—In puresance of an order made by the Surroughe of the County of New York in the above entitled matter on the 1th day of July, 1800, the undersigned Catherine Hall, Administrative of all and singular the goods, chattles and credited matter on the 1th day of July, 1800, the undersigned Catherine Hall, Administrative of all and singular the goods, chattles and credited of said As Hall, late of the City of New York, on Thursday the fifth day of September, 1800, at 10 octors at room on that day, all that certain three story brick at 10 octors at room on that day, all that certain three story brick at 10 octors at room on that day, all that certain three story brick at 10 octors at room on that day, all that certain three story brick at 10 octors, the control of the control of the control of the City of New York, on the Northerly adde of Devistreet, now known as number fifty sight (56). Devistreet, now known as number fifty sight (66). Devistreet, once the property of Issac Stonghiesburgh, decased, but of which John Stouteburgh died scased—bounded as follows, to with beginning at a point on the both property of the control of the story o

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, July 24, 1860.—Sealed printed will be received by the Comptroller autil Monday, the

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, July 24, 1800.—Seeled Orproposals will be received by the Comptroller until Mostay, the 16th day of September next, at 100 'clock A. M. for furnishing the following articles of STATIONERY, vis.

100 reams blue ruled Cap Paper, Congress.

100 reams white ruled Cap Paper, Congress.

100 reams white ruled Cap Paper, Congress, lines has nearly by a such apart.

10 reams white ruled Cap Paper, Congress, lines by inch apart.

10 reams white ruled Letter Paper, Congress, lines by inch apart.

100 reams white ruled Letter Paper, Congress, lines by inch apart.

100 reams white ruled Letter Paper, Congress, lines by inch apart.

100 reams white ruled Letter Paper, Congress, lines by inch apart.

100 reams Royal Expressing Paper.

2 reams Royal Expressing Paper.

5 reams red Biotung Letter Envelope, No. 5.

100 reams Bank Envelop Paper.

100 reams Bank Envelop Paper.

101 reams Bank Envelop Paper.

102 reams of Biotung Letter Envelopes, No. 5.

103 reams Royal Expressing Paper.

CLASS II.

50,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

15,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

15,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

10,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

10,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

20,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

20,000 buff Letter Evelope, No. 5.

20,000 buff No. 50, clear.

2,000 buff, No. 50, clear.

20 dutes 8 such levely Polders.

SUPREME COURT.—in the matter of the application of the Mayor Saldermen and Commonality of the City of New York, relative to

more portions who may consider themselves aggreered by such ExJohn STEWART,

Jydd Lass

REYO C. HANCE,

WHERAS, JAMES BRADY, of the City of New York, public,

By the such as the such a

and 12 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 test yellow pine plants, 2 inches thick, 25 to 30 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet yellow pine plants, 2 inches thick, 25 to 30 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

20,000 feet yellow pine plants, 3 inches thick, 25 to 30 feet long, and 12 to 14 inches wide.

All to be of the best sine grained, long-leaf yellow pine, clear of sap, square edged.

10,000 feet white oak boards, 1 inch thick, 12 to 16 feet long, 10 to 12 inches wide.

10,000 feet white oak plants, 1 is inch thick, 10 to 36 feet long, and 10 to 12 inches wide.

10,000 feet white oak plants, 1 is inch thick, 30 to 36 feet long, and 10 to 12 inches wide.

10,000 feet white oak plants, 2 inches thick, 30 to 35 feet long, and 10 to 13 inches wide.

To be of the best white oak.

Class No. 3—Maint Pine and Cypress, (board measure) per foot.

10,000 feet first quality white pine boards, 1 inch thick, to be 12 to 16 feet long, and 10 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet first quality white pine boards, 1 inch thick, to be 12 to 16 feet long, and 10 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet first quality white pine plants, 12 inch thick, to be 12 to 16 feet long, and 10 to 14 inches wide.

10,000 feet first quality white pine plants, 12 inch thick, to be 12 to 16 feet long, and 10 to 14 inches wide.

Class No. 4—Biack Spreac Spars, per side.

25 pieces, 35 to 30 feet long, 12 inches in diameter in center of sling.

25 pieces, 35 to 30 feet long, 2 inches in diameter in center of sling.

Class No. 4—Biack Spreac Spars, per sided inch.

So to side 68 inches.

So to side 7 inches. IN FURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BRNJABIN HUSTACE, the of the City of New York, decemend, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his store, No. 325 Fullow-street, in the City of New York, on he force the thirteeth day of December max.—Dated, New York, the treaty fifth day of June, 1850.

JOHN HESTACE. LEGAL NOTICES

R. H. Rowns, Attorney.

JOY CawSw

O'ILE.—Whirenas, CHARLES J. GAYLER, an mirrore upon my letters patent for Fire priorit Safes, and against whom I have adjusted to a such infringement, dai, last month, advertise to the solitor, free that property had been found out of which the decise of Kook Wilder, deceased, might be paid; and requesting creditors all Emos Wilder, deceased, to present their claims to him. Now, all such creditors, and the public generally, are notified that the said order, when which the said Gayler acted, has been resembled by the Court for the first opportunory the subscriber and apply to the Court for that purposes; and and dayler was said is asspended from any further stilling therein by order of the Court for the Court for the Court for the Court for the Court of the Court of

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES W. MILBANK, late of the City of New Tork, do against CHARLES W. MILBRAN, late of the City of New Tork, decembed, in present the amen, with smallers thereof, to the sabarches at the office of least M. Milback, No. 86 Front street, in the City of New York, on or before the following day of Novumber max.—Date New York, the 10th day of Myyros.

MARY W. MILBANK, Administrator, my15 lawfor.

MARY W. MILBANK, Administrator,

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, notice in hereby given to all persons baving chains against PRANCIS J. CROPENT late of the City of New York, demand, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office No. 80 Nasau street, in the City of New York, or fedire the eighteenth day of September next.—Dated New York, the 11th day of March, 1850.

HENRY P. McGOWN, administrator,

or before the equinement size of September entire. Dated New York, the 11th cry of March, 1366.

HENRY P. McGOWN.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is bereigh given to all persons having claims against ABRAHAM DAVIS, late of the City of New York, some of the City of New York, the notice of the City of New York, and or before the filterath day of October next.

Dated New York, the night day of April, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, once in hereby given to all persons laving claims and the City of New York, the night day of April, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, notice in hereby given to all persons laving claims and present of Alexander McPherson, 2018, Water-street, in the City of New York, the 18th day of May, 1860.

May Date of Alexander McPherson, 2018, Water-street, in the City of New York, the 18th day of May, 1860.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, the 18th day of May, 1860.

CHARLES WILLIAMS, Administrator, In Pursuance of the Surrogate of the County of New York, the 18th day of May, 1860.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, the 18th day of May, 1860.

IN PURSUANCE of An order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, an order of the Surrogate of the County of New York, on or before the Years, York, the 18th of New York, on or before the Years, 1860.

HELMNA J. RIKER, Administrator.

ty serventh day of August Bell.—Dates over Jors, the Iwenty SLE,
and of February, 1850.

WALDRON B. POST, Executer.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surregate of the County of
New York, Notice is barely given to all persons having claims against
JAMES N. TUTTLE, the of the Cty of New York, decased, to
present the same with vouches thereof to the subscribers at No. 79
Maiden lane, in the Cty of New York, nor before the thriteenth day
of August Bell.—Dated New York, the 12th day of Frienrary, 1850.

JOHN D. W. HOOK, Administrator.

12f lawfor. MARIA E. WHITTLESEY, Administrative.

In PURSUANCE of an order of the Sucrogale of the Guunty of New I York—Notice as bereby given to all presons having claims against Etinabeth Granger, into of the City of New York, whole whenced to generat the same with vonchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of the Comnec, J. W. Strang, No. 23 Hammond street, is the City of New York, on or before the twenty third day of December next.—Dates New York, the 18th day of June, 1830.

1919 Lawford W. ALEXANDER JACKSON, Acting Executor.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogain of the Co New York, notice is becely given to all persons having against WILLIAM H. ROLSTON, late of the City of New York

NOTICE TO CARTHAN TO RENEW THEIR

NOTICE TO CARTMAN TO RENEW THEIR
LICENSES.—Extracts from a Law to Regulate Carta
and Cartmen:

Sign. 5. All Licenses to Cartmen shall expire on the last
Monday of July after the date thereof.

Sign. 6. Every person on receiving his License as Cartman, shall pay to the Mayor, for the use of the City, the
num of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents; and upon the renewal of any Cartman's Licenses, such person shall pay, as
aforesaid, the sum of Fifty Cents.
In conformity therewith, the Cartmen are hereby required
to renew their Licenses at the Mayor's Office, City Hall, to
commence on THURSDAY, the list day of August, 1850, as
10 o'clock in the following order:

1 to 200 Thursday.

400 to 600 Saurday

400 to 600 Saurday

400 to 600 Saurday

400 to 600 Saurday

400 to 100 Wednesday

400 to 100 Wednesday

400 to 100 Wednesday

400 to 100 Friday

400 to 200 Monday

400 to 200 Monday

400 to 200 Monday

400 to 200 Fubraday

400 to 20

PAPER MAKERS WIRES.

LEATHER HOSE, LEATHER HOSE,
WASHERS, & Leamboans, Factories, STREET
WASHERS, & C. manufacured from the best onk-sunsed leather, with wrought copper rivets a leave on hand and
for sale by
Curriers and Leather Desiers, S FerryWho have also for sale, calf skins, wax and grain apper
leather, and curried leather of every description 197 lies.

\$11,000 city property. Apply to NEED HIT & Go. to Place. OAKUM-500 bales No. 1; 500 do No. 2. For mis of manufacturers prices, by GAUNT & DERRIGESON, 150 South-st.

HANGINGS Paper, (0,000 pounds from 20 to 25 inches wride, different qualities and colors, for sale at manufacture arrives. SAUNY & DERRICKSON, 150 South-A.

COCOA SHELLS. - 20 bugs, fresh, just ree